the position of assistant postmaster were open, but there is no doubt the former is

protected and it is a question about the other. Several months after the order of

May 6, extending the civil-service rules to

the revenue department, the question arose

as to whether the chief deputy came within

the provision. It was submitted to the

commissioner of pensions, who consulted

with the Civil-service Commission, with the result that an order was promulgated including the chief deputy, who really is the

ecting collector, in the list of those who cannot be removed except for cause.

PLUMMER GETS THE REWARD.

Receives \$500 for Arrest and Execu-

tion of Jackson and Walling.

CINCINNATI, March 24.-A telegram

from Hamilton, O., says Walling's body

was this morning taken to Mt. Carmel

Cemetery for interment. It will be placed

The work of removing the scaffold and

the fence around the inclosure in which

Jackson and Walling met their death was completed yesterday. Nothing now remains but the brick wall. It is estimated that the

expense of the trials and execution of the

two murderers to the State will exceed \$6,000. The loss to litigants whose cases

had to be postponed during the trials will

The reward of \$500 for the arrest and con-

viction of the men has been paid to Sheriff

PARADISE RIDGE, TENNESSEE,

And the Lives of Five Children Ended

in Their Home at Laddsdale, an

lowa Mining Town.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 24.-News

reached the city to-day that the residence

of Jacob Ade, fifteen miles from this city,

on Paradise Ridge, burned last night. The

bodies of Jacob Ade, Mrs. Ade, Lizzle Ade,

years old, and Rosa Moirer, aged ten years,

who was visiting the family, were found

in the ruins of the building. Ade was a

well-to-do farmer. It is supposed that the

family was murdered and the house burned

to conceal the crime. The authorities are

investigating the case. The principal evi-

dence leading to the belief that murder

was committed is the fact that though the

girl's face was slightly burned, the back

of her head was missing. It is thought that

as an ax. The hands of two of the bodies

were not found. Mr. Ade-was over sixty

years old and was considered a rich man

by the truck gardeners and small farmers

partially burned was found in an oyster

There is no evidence to show that Ade

had any enemies in the neighborhood,

though last Saturday he prosecuted a man

for stealing hogs and had him bound over

to the Criminal Court. There is, however,

Five Children Lose Their Lives.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 24.-Five chil-

dren of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Penrod at

aged six; Ross, aged four; Blaine, aged

ing, having first put the other five children

ices were held was only a hundred feet

away from the Penrod home. About 9

o'clock an alarm of fire was given and

Penrod rushed out with the other occu-

pants of the schoolhouse to find his house

in flames. It was impossible to enter the

reached it. The children's beds were by

the eight-year-old and four-year-old boys

out, horribly burning himself in the act

burned until only a few bones were found

The two never regained consciousness and

Bicycle Works Destroyed.

the total loss about \$75,000; covered by in-

FOUNDED 110 YEARS AGO.

Celebrating an Anniversary.

PITTSBURG, March 24.-The celebration

of the 116th anniversary of the Western

University of Pennsylvania, the first school

established by law in the valley of the

Mississippi, north of the Ohio, began here

yesterday and will continue three days,

Prominent visitors from many of the prin-

cipal colleges of the country are in attend-

ance. Among them are: T. M. Drown,

president of Lehigh University; William L.

Sproull, president of the University of Cin-

cinnati; W. A. Lamberton, president of the

University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Mc-

Cracken, of the University of New York:

Victor C. Vaughn, of the University of

Michigan; E. A. Birge, of the University of

Wisconsin; Charles W. Benton, of the Uni-

versity of Minnesota; John P. Gordon, of

the Ohio State University; J. L. Goodnight,

University of West Virginia; David C.

Humphries, Washington and Lee University, and George W. Atherton, Pennsyl-

vania State College. Governor Hastings

there was a monster parade of the National

Guard and pupils of the public schools and

To-night the students took possession of

the streets in the lower part of the city

with fantastic parade. The line was not a

long one, but was enjoyed very much by

the crowds of spectators which lined the

sidewalks. Among the grotesque features

were floats representing each department of

the university and students dressed in all

While the parade was in progress a meet-

ing was being held in Carnegie Hall for

the purpose of conferring of honorary de-

grees on prominent people. Among the de-

grees conferred by Chancellor Holland in

behalf of the trustees were: Doctor of laws

upon Captain Samuel C. Lemley, judge ad-

vocate general United States navy; John

Pancoast Gordy, professor of pedagogy,

Ohio State University; Miss M. Carey

Thomas, president Bryn Mawr College: Mr.

Andrew Carnegie, J. D. Moffat, president

Washington and Jefferson College, Wash-

ington, Pa.; doctor of science upon Victor

of Michigan; George H. Horn, M. D., of

University of Pennsylvania; doctor of let-

ters upon W. H. Payne, president Univer-

sity of Nashville: Prof. J. H. McMillin,

vice president Monmouth College, Mon-

mouth, Ill. The trustees instituted a new

degree, doctor of mechanical science (D. S.

on Worcester R. Warner, president of the

American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

During the evening President Patton, of

Princeton University, and Governor Hast-

ings, of this State, delivered addresses.

MUST SHAVE OFF WHISKERS.

Reading Street-Railway Employes

Cannot Wear Beards or Mustaches.

READING, Pa., March 24.-Superintend-

M.), and conferred it for the first time

Vaughn, M. L., Ph. D., dean University

local colleges.

sorts of fancy costumes.

and staff are also present. This afternoon

for fully five thousand bicycles.

window, however, and Penrod burst

no evidence against this man.

can in the ruins.

amount to about \$12,000.

in a hewn granite vault and guarded for

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Warmer: fair weather.

It's Astonishing, But a Fact

In this house, where we've never withheld our confidences from the people, never superseded substantial values with the misleading deceits of price, much that we do amounts to a surprise to the people because it exhibits a mastery over values which, to them, is unaccountable. We ought, perhaps, to explain; ought to go further into detail regarding our upholding of values.

Just now the men are principally interested in SUITS. "Business in values" never permits people's interest, or lack of interest, to have the slightest effect upon values. They are what we sell. There you have the whole thing. We sell nothing but values SUITS. It's because they are values, unchanging, unalterable values that they are, every one, bargains.

And while it's astonishing that we can sell for lower prices than any one else, and give better values than any one else, it's nevertheless a fact we do both

Your Coffee Trade

usually sold for 40c.

Opposite Postoffice.

Our 40c Java and Mocha is perfection.

Our 35c Java and Mocha is as good as is

44 North Pennsylvania Street

KENTUCKY SILVER DEMOCRATS MAY

VOTE FOR THE GOVERNOR.

Hunter Lacked Three Votes in the

Joint Ballot Taken by the Leg-

islature Yesterday.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 24.-The sev-

eral forces in Kentucky's famous senatorial

struggle are lined up like armies ready for

battle. The two ballots already taken were

but strength-trying skirmishes and no one

attack. To-night it is whispered that the

claimed that his election was assured, but

Governor Bradley's workers were on active

duty and neglected no opportunity to sow

seeds of discord among the supporters of

the nominee. The silver Democrats an-

for Bradley if at any time they saw that

by so doing they would elect him. The

first joint ballot taken since the Legislature

was convened in extra session resulted, as

the test vote taken yesterday indicated, in

moved heaven and earth to accomplish the

Hunter (Rep.), 67: Blackburn (silver Dem.),

49; Davie (gold Dem.), 11; necessary to a

got the scattering votes. The vote showed

a slight gain for Hunter, he having re-

ceived only sixty-six yesterday on a test

vote. There was only one member absent

to-day-Senator Ogilvie, a silver Democrat

from McCracken county. Norman and

Baird, two silver Democrats, voted for

Hunter again to-day, as they did yesterday.

The General Assembly then adjourned

without attempting to take another ballot.

ADVICE TO MERCHANTS.

"Time to Cease Crying Hard Times

and Knuckle Down to Business."

CHICAGO, March 24.-An open meeting

of the National Merchants' and Travelers'

Chicago, was held at the association hall

this afternoon. John V. Farwell, jr., presi-

dent of the association, presided and intro-

duced Samuel J. Kline, the speaker of the

day. In the audience were several hundred

merchants, who are now in the city attend-

ing to spring buying, and one object of the

gathering was to permit the out-of-town

visitors to mingle with each other and the

leading wholesalers and manufacturers of

Mr. Kline's address was on "The Business

Outlook." He said in part: "Now is the

time and this is the hour to begin. We

have all been waiting for the adjustment

of the money question, the regulation of

tariff, the settlement of foreign complica-

tions, and in the excitement our own busi-

ness has been neglected. Let us not stand

still until it gets around to our way, but

go and meet it. If every man ceased cry-

ing 'hard times,' and knuckles down to

business hard times will vanish. We have

spent too much time listening to the

harangues of Socialists and of all-round

creation menders, who have a legislative

pill for every allment-paternalism, 50-cent

dollars and a hundred other quack nos-

trums to make every man prosperous by

act of government. Let us break away

from them and strike out for ourselves. As

the past. It comes not back. Wisely im-

prove the present. It is thine. Go forth

to meet the shadowy future without fear

NEW SUPERIOR GENERAL

Gabriel Marie Placed at Head

Brothers of the Christian School.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.-A cable-

The chapter which elected him met on

March 19, and consisted of 102 delegates,

representing fifteen thousand brothers in all

The new superior general is about fifty-

six years old. He received his early educa-

Having displayed special aptitude for the

natural sciences he was early in his career

assigned to fill that chair in the Lyons

college. In 1876 he was sent to teach the

igher mathematics in the School of Tech-

nology at St. Etlenne. Here his remarkable

skill as teacher and scholar brought him

into close contact with the experts of the

and with a manly heart.'

parts of the globe.

Longfellow says, 'Look not mournful into

Association, whose headquarters are

election, although the Hunter men

Tyler, Boyle, Stone and Buckner

BIG 4 ROUTE | We Want

The Old Established Sleeping-Car Line

Washington, D. C. J. T. Power & Son

- TO -

The Big Four and C. & O. still run through sleepers, leaving Indianapolis, daily, at 6:20 p. m., reaching Washington next afternoon at 3:45 p. m.

Returning, leave Washington at 2:20 p. m., reach Indianapolis 11:40 next morning. This is the short line from Indianapolis to Washington.

Splendid dining cars attached to these trains, both on Big Four and C. & O.

For tickets and sleeping-car space call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street and Union Station.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

\$3.50 Round Trip \$3.50

Cincinnati Vla C., H. & D. Ry.

During Week of March 29

Tickets on sale March 29 to April 3, Grand Opera Week

Tickets and information at Union Station and GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

The Popular MONON ROUTE line to CHICAGO Time re- 43 HOURS

FOUR DAILY TRAINS

Leave Indianapolis-7:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 3:3 Frains Arrive Indianapolis-3:30 a. Local sleeper in Indianapolis ready at 8:30 p. Leaves Chicago, returning, at 2:45 a. m. Can be taken any time after 9:30 p. m. Ticket offices. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachusetts-avenue Depot. GEO, W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

DA COSTA

The Best 5c Cigar in the World

Will sell them to you 6 for 25c. Be sure and try them.

ROBERT DRAKE

Successor to Power & Drake,

16 North Meridian Street.

SAFE : INVESTMENTS

BONDS

-WE OFFER-

Choice Indianapolis 6 per cent. Improve-Corporation Bonds 6 per cent., payable in gold.

Other choice Municipal Bonds. Price and particulars upon application.

CAMPBELL, WILD & CO. 205 Indiana Trust Building.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. Deformity Apparatus, Trusses, Elastic Hos-ery, Largest stock of Artificial Eyes in the Invalid Chairs of all kinds and acces-

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.

FATALLY SQUEEZED.

Death of a Young Man Who Was In-

and unmarried.

NEW IRON-ORE POOL

It Is Composed of Operators on the

Old Bessemer Ranges. CLEVELAND, O., March 24.-Immediately following the failure yesterday to revive to-day. It is composed exclusively of opter into the new agreement. They appointed a committee to arrange the details and report at a meeting to be held a week hence. The Minnesota Company, Rockefel- French government. He became the ad-

FAIRLY WITH THE POWERS.

Warned Again that Unless Butchers of Armenians Are Punished Coer-

BRITAIN, FRANCE AND ITALY

READY AT ANY TIME TO BREAK UP

Situation in Crete and on the Frontiers of Greece and Turkey-Cre-

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) CONSTANTINOPLE, March 24.-The steps taken by the Sultan to punish the Turkish officials who are held responsible for the massacre of one hundred Armenians at Tokat, in the Sivas district of Asia Minor, and the pillaging of the Armenian quarter of Tokat for eight hours are not satisfactory to the embassadors of the powers, and unless there is a change in the situation very soon it is believed that some of the powers will be compelled by public opinion to make a radical change of their policy towards Crete and Greece.

massacres and for failing to promptly put an end to the pillaging of the Armenian

quarter of that city. The mere dismissal of the two Turkish officials is not considered sufficient to demonstrate the displeasure of the Sultan at the wanton killing of a hundred Armenians, and is further looked on as being likely to encourage additional outbreaks of the same nature. Consequently Sir Philip Currie has made fresh representations to the Porte, setting forth that serious consequences will follow the failure of the Sultan to really punish those who are responsible

and are urging the Democrats who are in the Bradley coalition scheme to make the dash intended on to-morrow. Hunter, with six bolting Republicans, has secured three Democratic votes and is putting forth every effort to secure the two additional votes necessary to his election. The anti-Hunter Bradley coalition proposes to hurry up matters to prevent his securing these votes. When the break does come and more than with the Democrats for Bradley, it is believed that some free-silver Democrats will turn to Hunter and make the finish fight one of the closest and most exciting on This morning the greatest excitement prevailed among the legislators. Hunter

THESE POWERS MAY BACK OUT. In well-informed political circles it is generally believed that if fresh outbreaks occur public opinion in Great Britain, France and Italy will compel the governments of the countries mentioned to change entirely their attitude on the Cretan question not only towards Crete but in regard to Greece, which might mean the lifting of the blockade so far as these powers are concerned and their positive refusal to take part in the proposed blockade of the principal ports and coast of Greece. Indeed, it is directly intimated that this proposition has already been practically abandoned by the three powers referred to not only because such a step is likely to force Greece into open hostilities against Turkey, but because the Sultan, with true eastern cunning, has taken advantage of the blockade of Crete by the fleets of the powers and bombardment of the insurgents by foreign war ships and the assistance given to the Turks by

the Christians in his dominion. Sultan against the so-called his advisers regard the so-called "concert" of the powers. They know it does not exist except as a hackneyed term, and they feel it can never exist so long as the map of Europe is not radically changed.

a large scale are being steadily pushed forward, and the report of a possible agree ment between Greece and Turkey on the basis of the appointment of Prince George of Greece as high commissioner of Crete was followed by the issuing this morning service forty-four battalions of the reserves of the Second Army Corps and also summoning the whole contingent of 1897. Turks believe that war with Greece will break out sooner or later, and they are nursing themselves with the belief that if they follow out the recommendations of the powers friendly to Turkey the armies of the Sultan will be permitted to cross the Greek frontiers of Macedonia and Epirus when the right moment arrives and push on to Athens, thus wiping the poor little kingdom of Greece off the face of the globe, This explains the restraints put on the Turkish commanders on the Greek frontier. They have been instructed not to cross th Greek frontier under present circumstances. not even if attacked. The whole blame for an outbreak of hostilities must be thrown on Greece; that is the programme, and then who can forbid the Turk from chastising the little kingdom? But there are slips be tween cups and lips, and the wheels of diplomacy are revolving night and day in the task of trying to solve the intricate eastern question without bloodshed. The future, however, from this city looks very threatening and the outcome obscure. The Turkish minister of marine has

second squadron to the Dardanelles in the course of a fortnight.

pledged himself to the Sultan to dispatch a

transport system. But, he adds, the appearhighest degree warlike. Every possible post is held and all the roads are patrolled by

The Times correspondent at Athens says Joseph, and in 1882 was elected his assistant, as to the expected rupture of the Euro- pal is to go to his children

pean concert. The danger of delaying a definite solution of the crisis increases daily. The Crown Prince Constantine is expected to start in a few days for the Greek camp at Larissa and the risk of a serious outbreak is becoming more and more intense. The report of the conflict between the Turks and Greek volunteers at Arta has been officially confirmed. Other incidents of the same character must be expected. Neither Greece nor Crete has benefited much in the past by compliance with European behests, and unless some visible proof is given of the complete abolition of Turkish rule in Crete the country will not be satisfied, the correspondent says, It is alleged that the reserves will refu e to come out on a future occasion unless satisfaction is obtained now for Greek sacrifices. The Ephemeris, which is obviously inspired by the court, confirms the statement that the Sultan offered to allow Prince George to administer Crete in return for the payment of a tribute to the Porte, but that the powers stopped negotiations. It is believed that Germany and Austria did their utmost to prevent such a friendly arrangement being

The same correspondent says it is be-lieved at Canea that the blockade will be a failure as a coercive measure. The Austrian gunboat which captured a Greek steamer in Cretan waters was compelled to put into a Cretan port to escape the storm. It appears that certain of the powers are nego-tiating some new scheme. All the war correspondents on the frontier admit that the situation there is extremely grave.

Another dispatch from Athens says that the Ephemeris recalls the King's declaration that he would put himself at the head of the Greek race if Greece were coerced, and adds that nothing has yet happened to modify that decision. The report is revived at Athens that Russia is preparing to send more troops to Crete. The Daily News understands that all the

powers have accepted the proposal of Russia to establish a neutral zone a few mile wide on the Turco-Greek frontier. The Westminster Gazette says there is some reason to believe that an agreement might be reached between the powers based upon the Sultan's acceptance of the proposal of Greece to nominate Prince George as high commissioner of Crete. This re port, however, conflicts with the dispatch from Constantinople announcing the calling out for active service of further large contingents of the Turkish army, and with the advices from Crete via Athens, saying that the Cretan leaders have decided to accept nothing short of union with Greece.

Greece Will Protest. ATHENS, March 24,-The Greek government is about to address another protest to the powers against the blockade of the Island of Crete, and a formal repudiation of all the responsibility for any consequences to which it may give rise. The newspapers which represent the ministerial opposition in the Boule denounce the proposal of autonomy under Prince George as a betrayal A collective note has been addressed to the government demanding the recall of the Greek troops from the frontier and threatening that in the event of the refusal of Greece to comply with this demand the powers will blockade the Greek ports near the frontier.

Russians on the Turkish Frontier. LONDON, March 25 .- A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that the vali of Erzeroum has informed the government that two divisions of the Russian army of Kars encamped on the Turkish frontier on Saturday last. On being asked to explain the movement the Russian consul replied that the sole business of the troops was to take precautions for excluding the plague. The vali considers this explanation unsatisfactory and asks authority from the Porte to take such measures as he may deem necessary in the circum stances. The government has ordered the Turkish embassies in Europe to open negotiations for the purchase of three ironclads at the cost of a million and a half pound

Salisbury Will Visit the Queen. LONDON, March 25.-The Times says hat Lord Salisbury will start for the

M. Hanotaux on the Cretan question. Sir William Vernon-Harcourt's attack of influenza will prevent his participating in the forthcoming debate on the Foreign Office estimates, when the Cretan matter is likely to be discussed. The Hon. George Curzon, parliamentary secretary for the Foreign Office, will be questioned to-day (Thursday) on the fate of English and American vessels carrying cargoes for

Will Die Fighting. ATHENS, March 24.-A dispatch from Canea, Island of Crete, says that the insurgent commander-in-chief at Akrotiri this morning referred the proposal of the various leaders of the insurgent forces who had assembled from different parts of the The Cretan leaders unanimously declared that only two issues were possible the annexation of the Island of Crete to Greece, or tighting until death ends the struggle for the union.

Fired on by Turkish War Ships.

CANEA. March 24.-The Turkish troops made an attempt to-day to revictual the blockhouse at Malaxa. They were thereupon attacked and repulsed by the Christians, who pursued the convoy of provisions to the environs of Suda Bay. The Turkish war ships then opened fire upon the Christains and compelled the latter to retreat.

Greek Vessels Stopped.

CANEA, March 24.-An Austrian ironclad has stopped a Greek steamer and a Greek sailing vessel which were trying to run the

At Sita the Mussulman inhabitants of the town are without food and are surrounded by Christians, who have cut off all avenues of communication with the place.

100,000 Turks on the Frontier. ATHENS, March 24.-Startling reports are in circulation here regarding the numerical strength of the Turkish troops on the fron tier. For instance, one report has it that the Turks have concentrated 100,000 troops on the frontiers of Epirus alone. The report, however, is not believed in military

APPRENTICES DESERT.

Sixteen Youths Run Away from the United States Gunboat Adams.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 24.-Sixteen apprentice boys have deserted from the United States gunboat Adams in two days. The officers say that different tactics in turned to the launch all the boys were missing and he had to hire a boatman to take him back to the ship.

INJURED DURING INITIATION \$20,000 Damages Demanded by a Member of Modern Woodman Camp.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 24.-George Harris yesterday filed a bill in the Federal Court to recover \$20,000 from Ironwood Camp Modern Woodmen of America, for personal injuries. He alleges that during his initiation into the camp he was blindfolded and and sustained injuries which kept him in the hospital for months, and that his right arm was permanently stiffened at the el-

FOR SAVING HER LIFE

Most of Mary Elizabeth Cleveland's Estate Bequeathed to M. F. Scarfe.

NEW YORK, March 24.- The will of Mary Elizabeth Cleveland, who died in France, directs that the greater part of her estate consistent with the safety of the principal, to be paid semi-annually to Marvin F. Scarfe, of Pittsburg, who at the risk of his

FOUR REPUBLICANS REWARDED WITH POSTOFFICES IN INDIANA.

and Fourteen More Recommended by Senator Fairbanks for Appointment in a Democratic District.

ANDERSON CASE UNDECIDED

UR. HENRY'S SIDE OF THE QUESTION PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT.

Secretary of Embassy White Ordered to Proceed to London-"Oom Jack" Gowdy on His Way Home.

WASHINGTON, March 24.-Indiana got four postoffice appointments in the presidential class to-day, namely, John Zimmerman, at Cannelton; Fred J. Herman, at Tell City; John F. Lawson, at Spencer; James H. Warnock, at Princeton. The appointments have all been foreshadowed in these dispatches.

In addition to the foregoing Senator Fairbanks has recommended the following for appointment to fourth-class postoflices: -Perry County .-

Troy-Will H. Salm. Adyeville-Wm. T. Chewning. Bristow-Will H. Lanman. Don Juan—Isaac W. Wheatley. German—John Ploch. Oriole—Richard W. Dean. Ranger-Anna Rhodes. Rone-Will E. Riley. Tobinsport-Quintillus K. Groves, Siberla-John Bender. Branchville-Mrs. Anna Meeks. -Crawford County .-

Leavenworth-Daniel E. McCullum. Alton-Joseph Seacat. Eckerty-Mrs. Ida Bobblitt Grantsburg-D. M. Seaton. Miltown-A. W. Funk. Mifflin-J. W. Senn. West Fort-W. W. Bullington. Ackerly-W. W. Johnson. Weathers-W. N. Blackman. Temple-J. W. Sloan. Marengo-James H. Weathers. English-W. W. Temple Pilot Knob-Mrs. Mary M. White. Tower-Mrs. Mary Rainbolt.

-Decatur County .-Greensburg-James E. Caskey. Williamstown-Joseph Clemens. Sardinia-G. H. Anderson. Adams-John E. Mull. Alert-Maggie Stevenson. Forest Hili-John F. Black. Westport-W. F. McCullough. Letts-James H. Cox. Horace-Charles Sturgiss. Tuckertown-Jerry McNew. Millhousen-George Rohrs. New Points-George W. Metz. Clarksburg-John S. Miller, Sandusky-A. M. Reed. St. Omer-Mathias Hess. Clifty-M. Messenheimer. Burney-Joseph Minor. Ewington-John W. Burney.

Greensburg is the only presidential office n Decatur county.

Representative Henry called on the President to-day to present his side of the An- Laddsdale, a mining town on the Wapelle derson postoffice controversy. Senator and Davis county line, were burned to Fairbanks has been asked for his views in Riviera to-day. He is expected to break the case, but has refused to mix in, holding two died a few hours later. They are: his journey to Paris for an interview with | that it is one of those little infelicities he | Harry, aged ten; John, aged eight; Minerva, the postmasterships in Democratic districts | a son aged twelve, and a baby in the arms lican congressman. He is, therefore, enact-Anderson unpleasantness.

> Besides sending a batch of nominations of postmasters to the Senate to-day, the President made the following appointments: Alex. J. Cooke, of Mississippi, to be marshal of the United States for the Northern district of Mississippi; George H. Thummel, of Nebraska, to be marshal of the United States for the district of Nebraska; Harry K. Chenowah, of Arizona, to be collector of customs for Arizona; First Lieutenant J. in the debris of the house. The coroner's F. Tillson, Fifth Cavalry, to be captain; Passed Assistant Surgeon H. B. Fitts, to be a surgeon in the navy.

The Senate has confirmed Binger Hermann, of Oregon, to be commissioner of the General Land Office; E. G. Timme, of Wiscongin, to be auditor of the State and other departments, and George H. Thummel, of Nebraska, to be marshal of the United States for the district of Nebraska.

This afternoon, after the President had signed Henry White's commission as secre tary of the United States embassy at London, Mr. White went to the State Department and qualified for his post. He is under instructions to proceed immediately to London, bearing a letter to the Marquis of Salisbury, the British premier, accrediting him as charge d'affaires ad interim of the United States embassy there. The reason for the adoption of this course is that Mr. Bayard is at present traveling in the south of Europe, and as Mr. Hay, his sucor, will not arrive in London until early in May, it is regarded as proper that an experienced secretary be placed in charge of he embassy at the earliest possible moment to tide over the period until Mr. Hay's assumption of office.

Additional applications for appointment to presidential offices under the Treasury Department have been filed as follows: E. E. Stout, of Paoli, Ind., and Arthur Stabler, of Sandy Springs, Md., as auditor for the Navy Department; T. J. Donavan, of Washington, D. C., and J. L. Stanley, of Tacoma, as deputy auditor for the War Department. As collector of customs; I. M. Hopstad, at Sitka; L. A. Sheldon, at Los Angeles; L. McNamara, of Prophetstown, Ill., at Chicago; Andrew Harris, of Otjaville, Mich., at Port Huron, Mich.; J. O. Hanna, of Olga, Tex., at El Paso, Tex. As surveyor of customs: T. D. Hyatt, of Brooklyn, at New York; R. M. Johnson, at Philalelphia. As appraisers of customs: B. W. Jackson, at Cleveland, and H. C. Williams, at Cincinnati. D. W. C. Carroll, of Pittsvessels, at Cincinnati. As collectors of internal revenue: J. C. Leftwick, of Montgomery, Ala., and T. B. Martin, of Fayette, Ala., at Birmingham, Ala.; M. Fornoff, of Logansport, Ind., at Lawrenceburg, Ind.; J. W. Defoe, of Mosier, Ky., at Owensboro, Ky.; A. O. Cooly, of Fredericksburg, Tex., at Austin, Tex.

Consul General "Oom Jack" Gowdy left for home this afternoon to arrange his affairs for a four years' absence in Paris. and incidentally to resign the chairmanship of the Republican state central committee. Mr. Gowdy expects to be in Washington again in about two weeks.

Fred C. Squires, of Michigan, at present clerk to the House committee on private land claims, was to-day appointed private secretary to the secretary of war.

The executive committee of the Bureau of American Republics was in session for the office director. Senor Romero, the Mexican minister, under plea that no good purpose was served by making public the differences that had arisen on the subject be tween the committee and the State Department, succeeded in imposing a pledge of secrecy on the other members of the committee as to the result of to-day's meeting. It is understood, however, that the resignation of the present director. Mr. Furbish, was accepted and an examination

ordered for his successor. Spoils Hunters Disappointed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 24.-There is consternation among the Republicans because of the information that all the subor- isfaction.

dinate places in the postoffice and internal revenue office are under the civil-service order. It had been supposed that at least the chief deputyship in the revenue office and

RAILWAYS WILL TRY TO HAVE A LAW PASSED FOR THEIR BENEFIT.

Their Representatives in Washington Stirred Up Over the Recent Su-

preme Court Decision.

HUMPHREY'S SCHEME

WILL CAN MEXICAN BEEF FOR EX-

PORT TO THE OLD WORLD,

If the Cattle Duties in the Dingley Retained-Arbitration Treaty Not Yet Ready for a Vote.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 24.-The railroad interests are worked up as they never have been before. Their representatives in Washington, some of whom are members of the "third house" and others of whom are members of Senate and House committees, are greatly exercised over the decision of the Supreme Court applying the provisions of FIVE PEOPLE BURNED TO DEATH ON | the Sherman anti-trust law to railway associations and alive to the necessity of congressional action. The plan of campaign has not yet been fully decided on, but it can be assumed as a fact that railroad effort will be concentrated from now on till the passage of a bill which will permit tions for the preservation of rates, both of freight and passenger traffic business. The general counsels and the presidents of the great railroad companies have not yet made their appearance in Washington, but those who are in touch with them expect an invasion within the next two or three weeks or as soon as they can consult at the great aged twenty years; Henry Ade, thirteen

railroad centers.

It is believed that the next attempt made on Congress by the railroads will be upon direct lines, and that the issue will be made squarely that it is to the common interest of the railroads and the public that pooling should be legitimatized under regulations and restrictions that will give the control to constituted federal authorities. The trouble heretofore has been that the railroads have attempted to practice deceit in the pooling bills that they have been backing in Conshe was struck by some such instrument gress. They have been pretending to give the Interstate-commerce Commission enlarged authority and a widened power in among whom he lived. A roll of money | the regulation of railroads, but behind it all the language of the bills has been such as to strip the commission of authority to enforce its mandates. It is this deceit which has defeated efforts towards the enactment of laws authorizing pooling. Members of Congress who are naturally friendly to railroads have revolted when the fact was brought to their attention that there was "a nigger in the woodpile" and have felt that if they accepted the bills proposed by the railroads they might be betraying the people's interests. The underlying spirit and desire of Congress is to be honest in its dealings with the people, and when they find selfish interests attempting to accomplish results by deceit, opposition usually organizes strong enough to defeat the aims of these interests. That has been the trouble with attempted pooling legislation. If the railroads had been frank and honest in their representations they would be in a much better position to-

> THE ARBITRATION TREATY. Senators Still Fighting for Further

Changes in the Document. WASHINGTON, March 24.-Senator Davis, chairman of the Senate committee on foreign relations, made a determined effort to-day to secure unanimous consent to fix a day when the final vote should be taken on inquest threw no light on the origin of the the arbitration treaty, but only succeeded to the extent of obtaining an agreement to a time for a vote on the miscellaneous READING, Pa., March 24.-The large amendments. The executive session conplant of the Acme bicycle works was destroved by fire early this morning. All the tinued from 12:30 until 5 o'clock. Consideravaluable machinery was destroyed, making effort to secure a time for a vote, and it surance. The building contained material was only after decided controversy that the opponents of ratification agreed to a date for voting on the amendments. They based their opposition on the fact that there were a good many absentees whom they consid-Western University of Pennsylvania ered it desirable to have in the Senate when

> the vote should be taken. The understanding as to the vote on the amendments was reached on a plan outlined by Senator Hoar. It provides that the general discussion of the amendments shall continue until 2 o'clock on Wednesday of next week, when a vote is to be taken on those which may be pending at that time; that in case any of the amendments are agreed to, the treaty as amended shall be printed and returned to the Senate, and shall still be open to amendment, but that the final vote on amendments shall ba taken at 4 o'clock the following day, Thurs-

> Chilton amendment, providing for submitting all agreements for arbitration made under the treaty to the Senate for its approval before entering upon a course of setamendment. He announced himself as opposed to the treaty in any shape, but said amendment should by all means be accepted, otherwise the treaty would be subversive of some of our most cherished Amer-

Senator Lodge made a strong plea for the treaty without further amendment. He said that, while always a warm advocate of the principle of arbitration, he had from the contended for amendments which would render the treaty acceptable to the American public. He felt satisfied, he said. that the modifications made in committee had accomplished completely the purpo and that the document as amended was one that would commend itself to every supporter of peaceable methods for the ment of disputes and to every friend of humanity. He thought no other amendments were necessary. He also held that the committee amendments would in effect require the submission of all amendments under the treaty to the Senate. Senators Davis and Hoar made brief speeches, practically taking the same ground It was apparent during the session that

the friends of the treaty hold that the comin more diplomatic paraseology, the end sought to be attained by the Chilton amendment. Several senators, among them Messrs. Thurston and Spooner, asked if this were the case why it should not be explicitly stated, as in the Chilton provision, They advanced the idea that the adoption of this language might have the effect of preventing future misunderstandings,

Criticised by London Editors.

LONDON, March 24 .- The afternoon papers here bitterly criticise the action of the United States Senate in the case of the arbitration treaty. The St. James Gazette says: "The senators carried their point with treaty not only does not improve the present conditions, but it renders arbitration practically impossible, as while now there is no obstacle in the way of an agreement to arbitrate, hereafter such agreement muse be approved by a two-thirds majority of the Senate, in which the parties are generally

ent Passmore, of the Reading & Southwestpretty evenly divided. must dispense with their mustaches and The Westminster Gazette says: "It is a very disappointing and disconcerting result of all the endeavors of Lord Salisbury and beards. The order has caused much dissat-

sories for the sick room. Trusses made and properly adjusted. Store open every Saturday 77 South Illinois Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

jured While Trying to See McKinley.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 24.-William Painter, a well-known resident of this city. died last night from the effects of injuries received in a peculiar manner. When President McKinley passed through Pittsburg on March 2 on his way to Washington, Painter was in the crowd at the depot. In trying to gram from Paris announces to the members see the President the young man was forced against a post by the surging mass of people and was so badly injured that death Brother Gabriel Marie as superior general finally resulted. He was thirty years old of the Brothers of the Christian School,

Jer and Carnegie are not represented in the | viser of the late superior general, Brother

cion Will Be Applied.

THE "CONCERT" OF EUROPE.

tan Insurgents Defiant.

The remonstrance of Sir Philip Currie, the British embassador, was one of the strongest ever delivered by an embassador concerning the massacres in Armenia, and was intended for a stern notification to the Porte that further outbreaks in Armenia would not pass without vigorous action on the part of the powers. The immediate result was the calling of an extraordinary meeting of the Council of Ministers at the Yildiz Kiosk last evening, at the end of which the embassadors were notified that the Sultan had ordered the dismissal of the prefect of police and chief of the gendarmerie of Tokat for not preventing the

anti-Hunter Republicans are ready to act for the Tokat outrage. The embassadors met at the residence of the British embassador last evening and which dispatches were sent by those present to the capitals of the powers they rep resent. Although the result of this meet ing of the embassadors has not been allowed to become generally known in departmental circles here, the opinion prevails that unless the embassagors put forth the failure of the Sultan to adopt promp and efficacious measures to prevent further massacres in Armenia there is absolutely no hope of improving the situation, as i has been so frequently "intimated" to the Sultan that he must reform that he now

pays little or no attention to such com-

the foreign marines to place himself and his government in an entirely new light before the populace here and elsewhere in the An official communique was addressed by ne Turkish government to the Turkish newspapers and provincial officials yesterday representing that the course adopted by the powers in the Cretan affairs was an example of the success of the Sultan in that direction and intimating that he has the full support of the powers, with their fleets and armies, in the repressive measures which he may choose to adopt against amounts practically to informing the Mussulmans that they have nothing to fear from the powers if they massacre Christians, as Christian powers are supporting the subjects. This caused a decidedly bad impression in diplomatic circles in Constantinople and gives additional explanation of the determined stand which the British embassador has undoubtedly assumed, as well as showing clearly how the Sultan and

In the meanwhile preparations for war on special irade calling out for active

WARLIKE ON THE FRONTIER.

Situation as Viewed by Correspondents of London Newspapers. LONDON, March 25.-The war corre-

that all kinds of rumors are current there dental drowning. At his death the princi-